

Datasheet for #sb3352 UP
Recommendations:

Please read the starter kit user manual, if available, and have a look at the FAQ at <http://www.alpeslasers.ch/alphaq.pdf>

WARNING: Operating the laser with longer pulses, higher repetition rate, higher voltage or higher current than specified in this document may cause damage. It will result in loss of warranty, unless agreed upon with Alpes Lasers!

WARNING: Beware of the polarity of the laser. This laser has to be powered with negative bias on the laser contact (= bonding pad, corresponding to the label "laser" on the LLH) and the positive bias on the base contact (= submount, corresponding to the label "base" on the LLH).

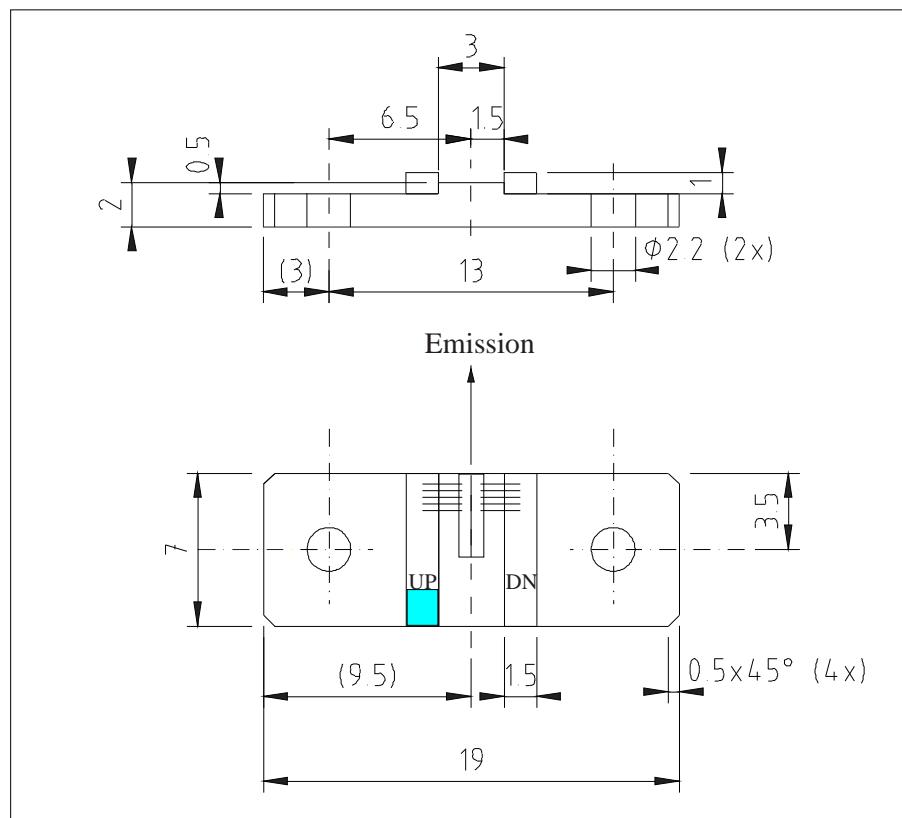


Figure 1: Support mounting for #sb3352 UP (please note that the laser is connected to the UP pad drawn in blue)

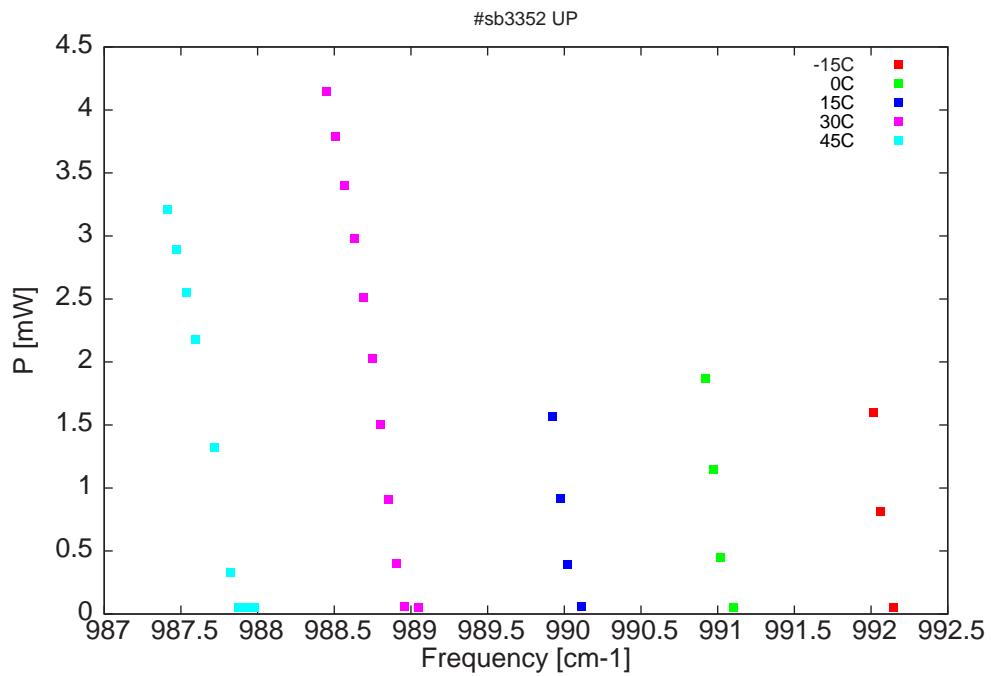


Figure 2: Output power as a function of the singlemode emission frequencies and temperatures

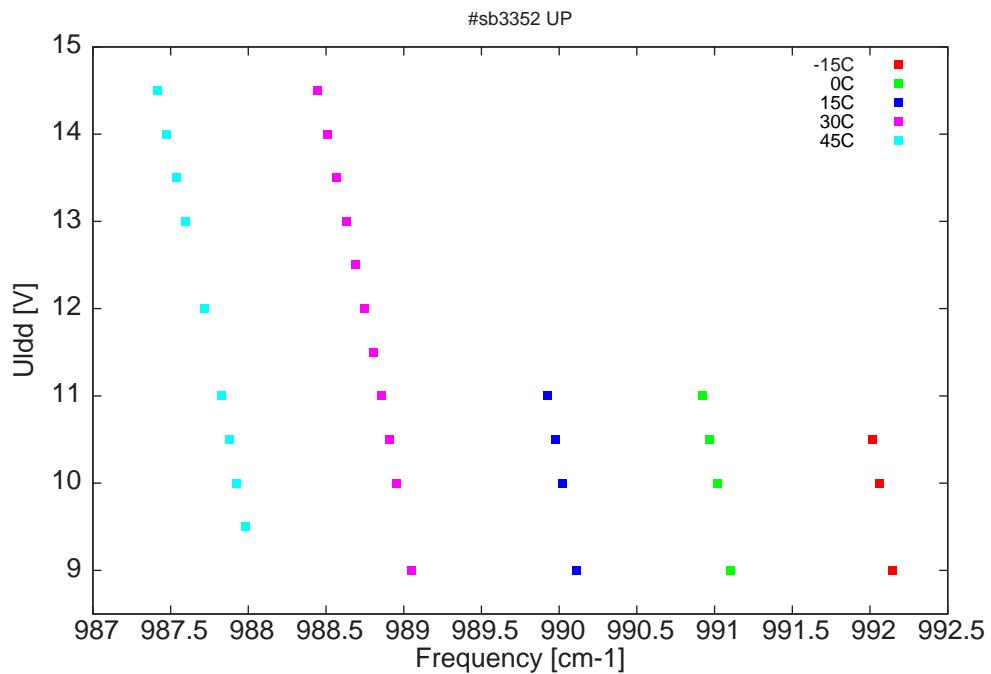


Figure 3: DC voltage fed to LDD (U_{ldd}) as a function of the singlemode emission frequencies and temperatures

λ [nm]	ν [cm $^{-1}$]	P[mW]	Temp[°C]	U_{LDD} [V]	I_{pulse} [A]
10079.2	992.1	0.1	-15	9	0.95
10080	992.1	0.8	-15	10	1.23
10080.5	992	1.6	-15	10.5	1.34
10089.8	991.1	0.1	0	9	0.96
10090.6	991	0.5	0	10	1.18
10091.1	991	1.2	0	10.5	1.35
10091.6	990.9	1.9	0	11	1.51
10099.9	990.1	0.1	15	9	1
10100.8	990	0.4	15	10	1.23
10101.3	990	0.9	15	10.5	1.37
10101.8	989.9	1.6	15	11	1.48
10110.7	989.1	0.1	30	9	1.01
10111.7	989	0.1	30	10	1.23
10112.2	988.9	0.4	30	10.5	1.36
10112.7	988.9	0.9	30	11	1.46
10113.2	988.8	1.5	30	11.5	1.62
10113.8	988.7	2	30	12	1.77
10114.4	988.7	2.5	30	12.5	1.87
10115	988.6	3	30	13	2
10115.6	988.6	3.4	30	13.5	2.13
10116.3	988.5	3.8	30	14	2.23
10116.9	988.4	4.2	30	14.5	2.36
10121.7	988	0.1	45	9.5	1.12
10122.2	987.9	0.1	45	10	1.24
10122.7	987.9	0.1	45	10.5	1.34
10123.3	987.8	0.3	45	11	1.48
10124.4	987.7	1.3	45	12	1.71
10125.6	987.6	2.2	45	13	1.98
10126.2	987.5	2.6	45	13.5	2.06
10126.9	987.5	2.9	45	14	2.2
10127.5	987.4	3.2	45	14.5	2.29

Table 1 : singlemode optical output power as function of operating parameters

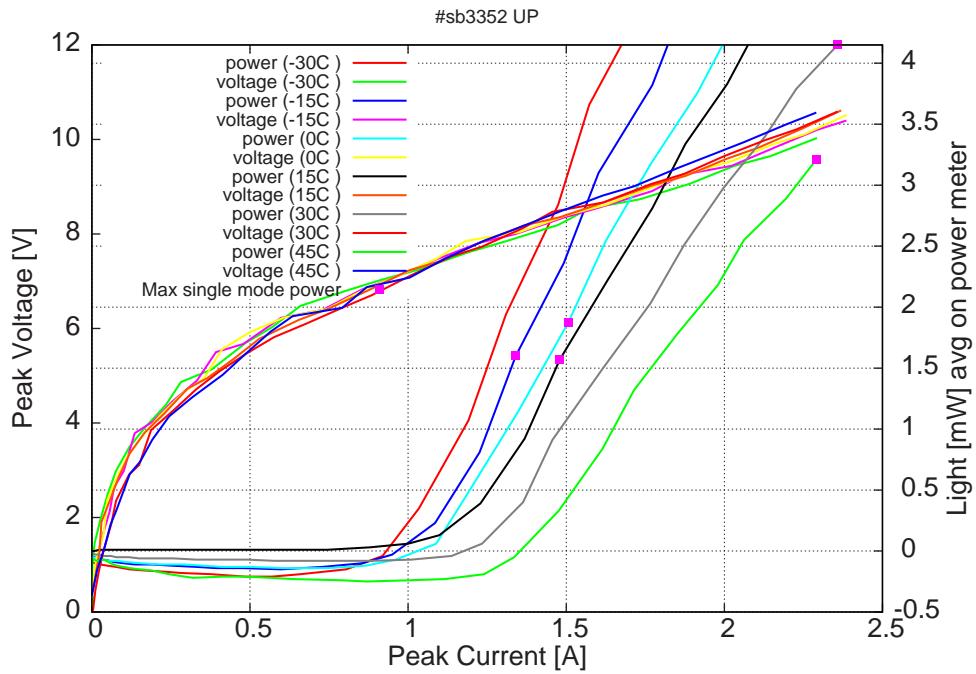


Figure 4: peak voltage and average power vs peak current at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5 μ s period) (the solid squares indicate the maximum singlemode emitted power)

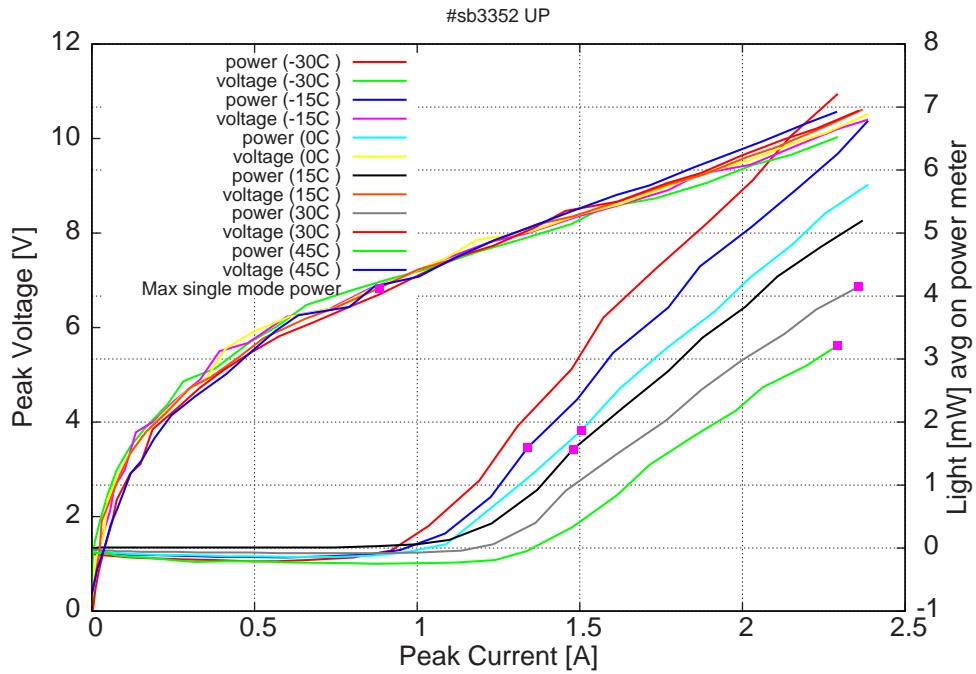


Figure 5: peak voltage and average power vs peak current at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5 μ s period) (including the multimode region)

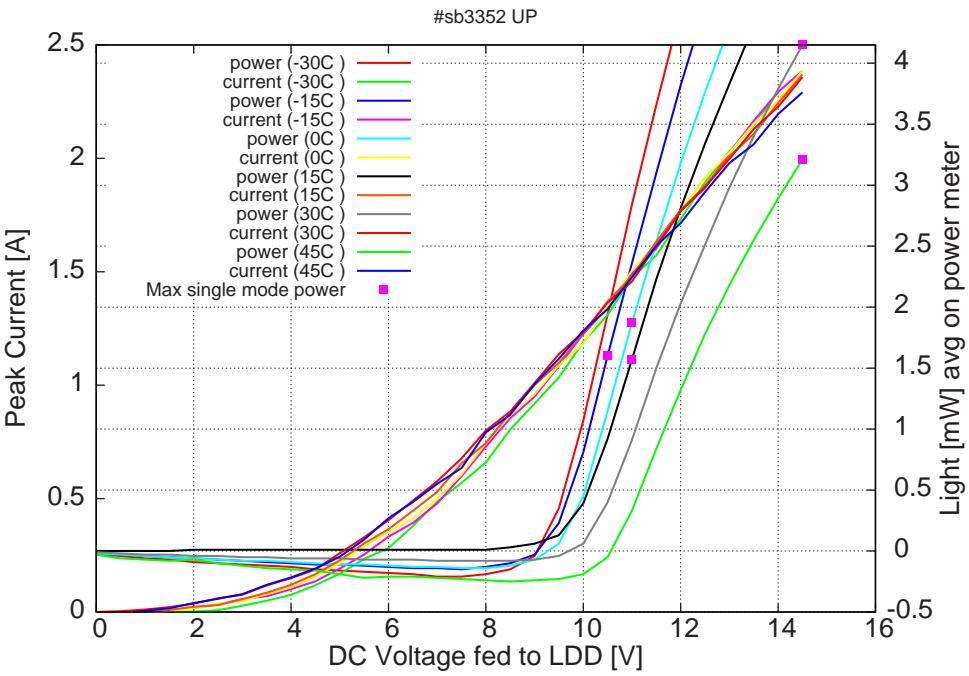


Figure 6: peak current and average power vs LDD voltage at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5 μ s period) (the solid squares indicate the maximum singlemode emitted power)

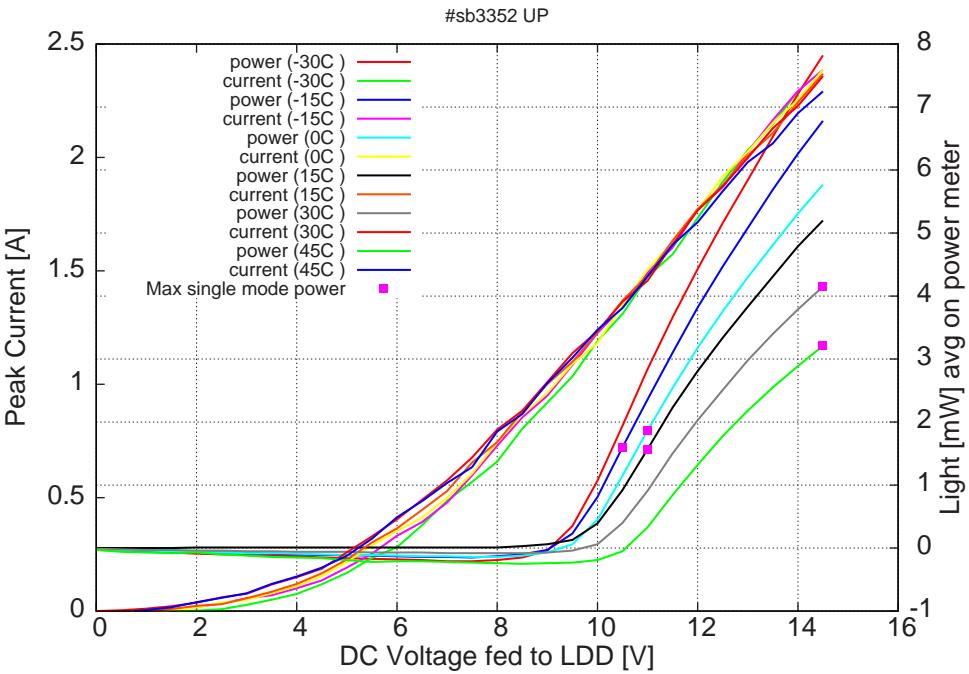
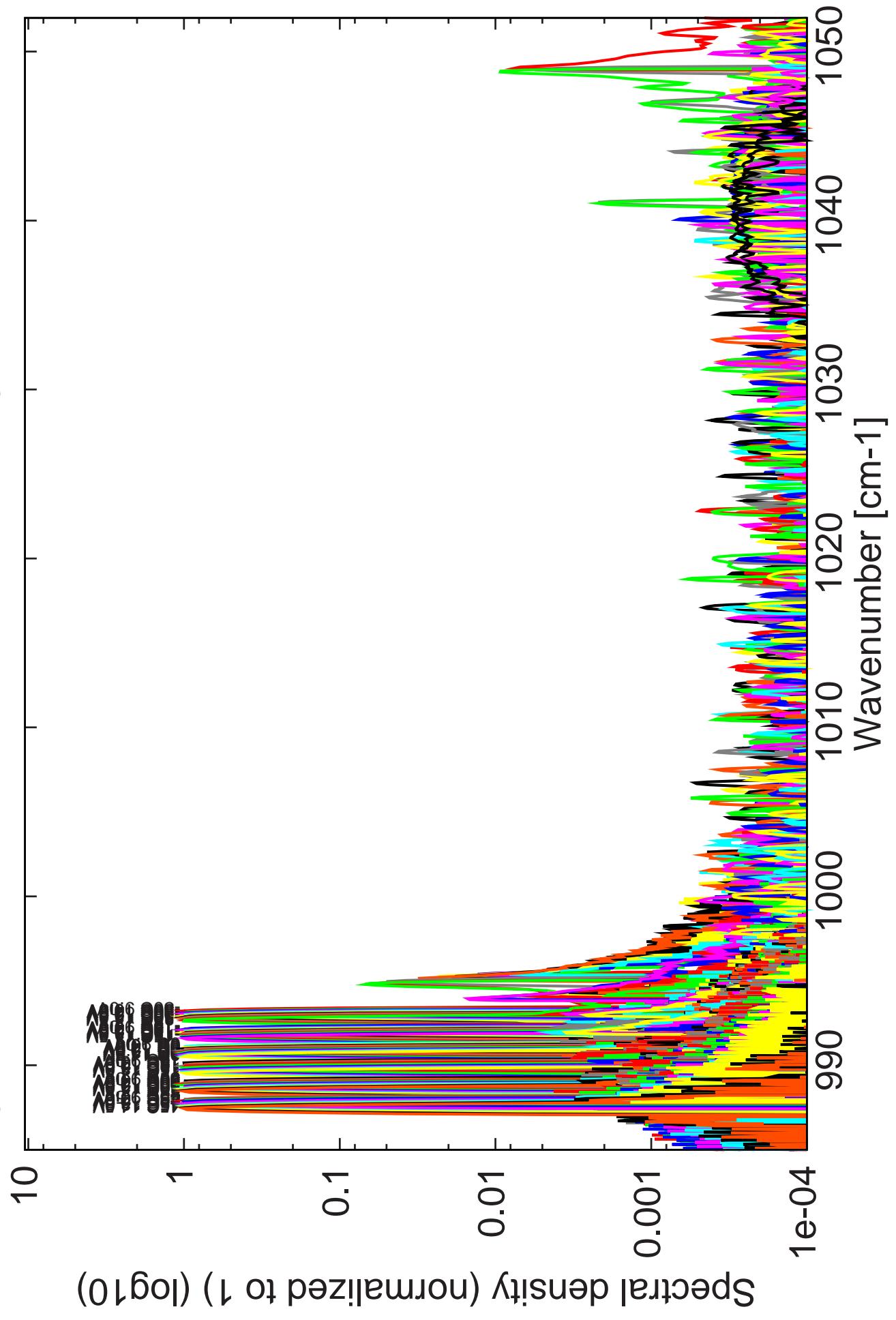


Figure 7: peak current and average power vs LDD voltage at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5 μ s period) (including the multimode region)

Figure 6: spectra at different temperatures for various LDD voltages (22ns pulses, 1.1us period)



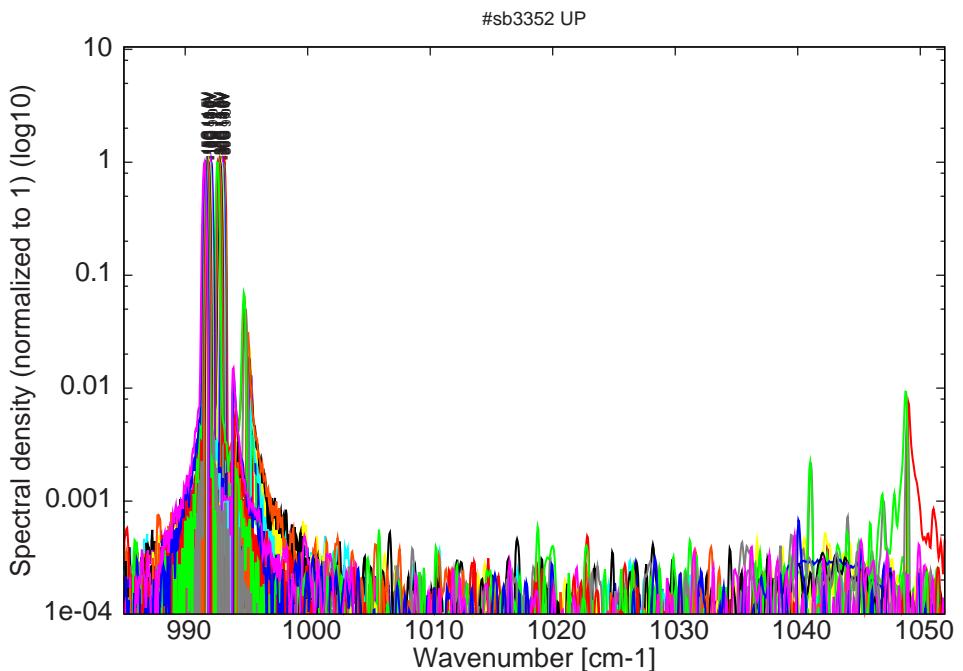


Figure 8: spectra at -30C and -15 for various LDD voltages (22ns pulses, 1.1us period)

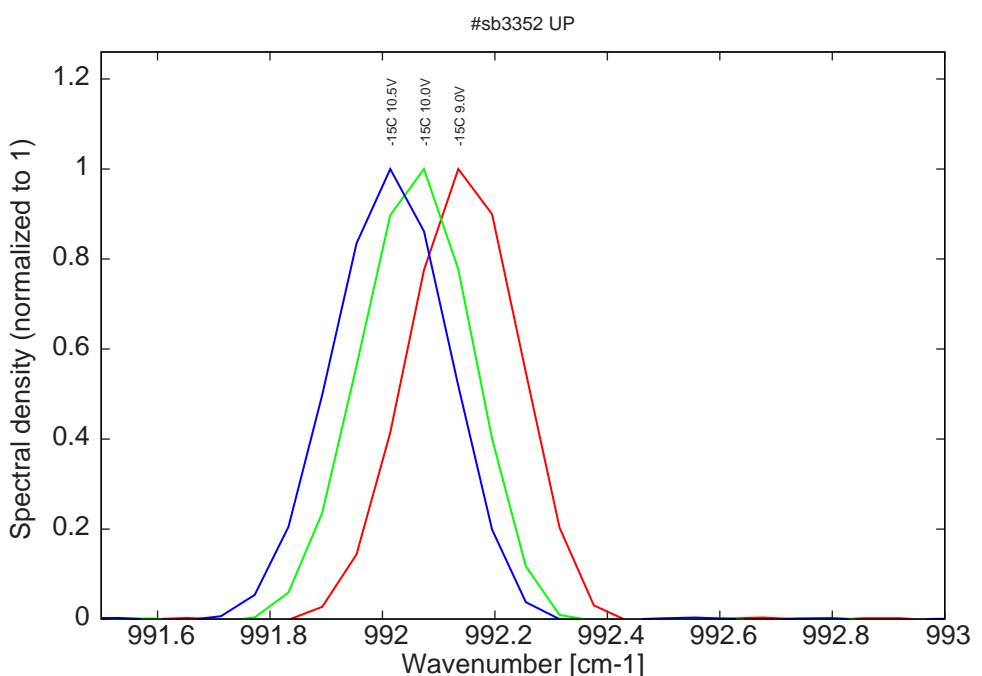


Figure 9: spectra at -30C and -15C for various LDD voltages (monomode range)

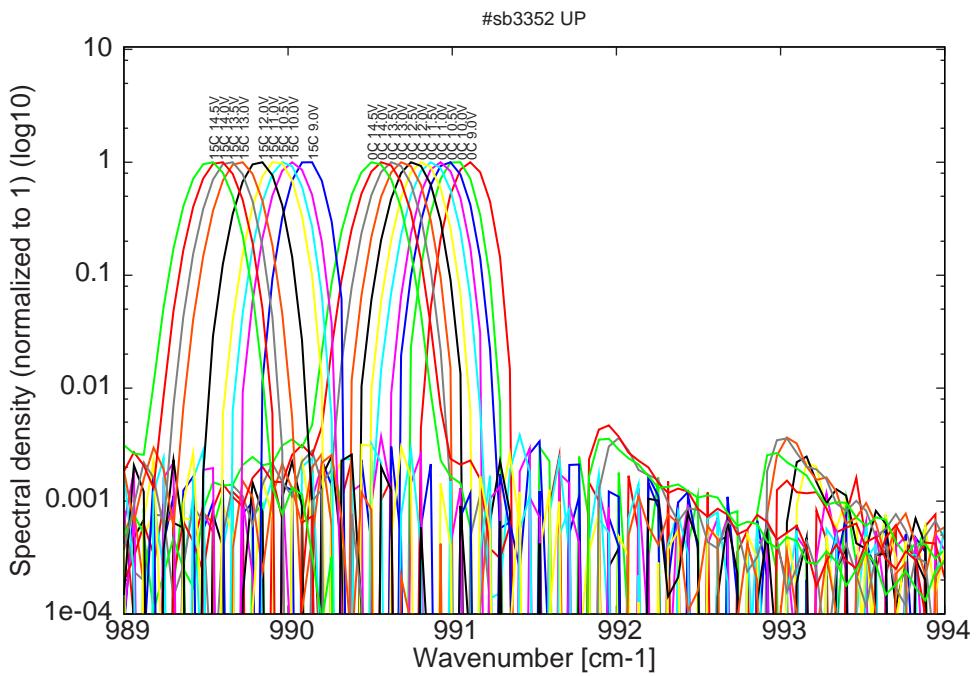


Figure 10: spectra at 0C and 15C for various LDD voltages (22ns pulses, 1.1us period)

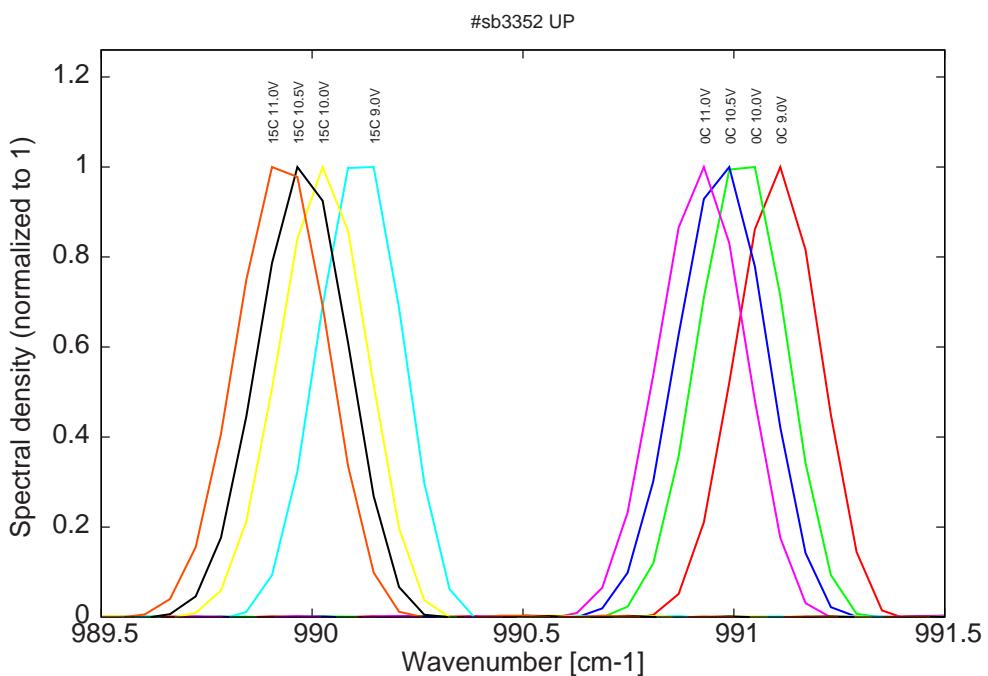


Figure 11: spectra at 0C and 15C for various LDD voltages (monomode range)

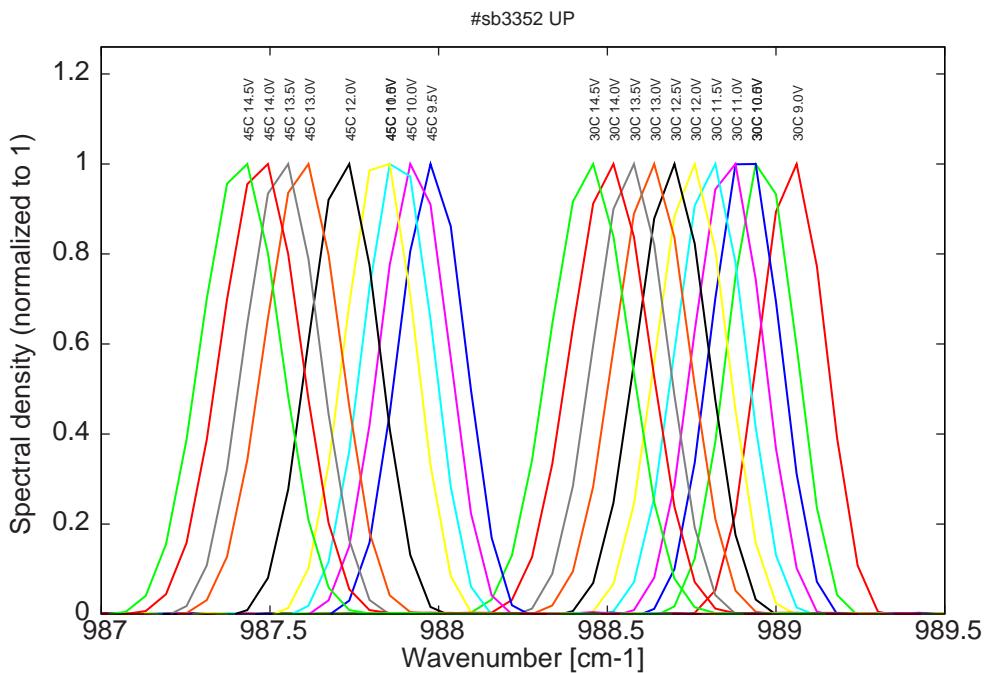


Figure 12: spectra at 30C and 45C for various LDD voltages (all monomode)